

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

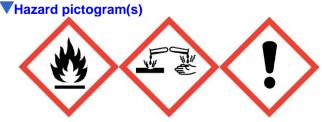
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

**1.1. Product identifier** Trade name 541 - Silicone Remover, Aerosol Product no. 541 **REACH registration number** Not applicable 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture NA **Uses advised against** The full text of any mentioned and identified use categories are given in section 16 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet **Company and address** HBC System Smarttool Production ApS Hobrovej 961-963 9530 Stövring Denmark tel:+45 70 22 70 70 **Contact person** Vibeke Jørgensen E-mail info@hbc-system.com **SDS date** 2016-06-20 **SDS Version** 2.0 1.4. Emergency telephone number Use your national or local emergency number See section 4 "First aid measures" **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Aerosol 3; H229

Aerosol 3; H229 Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H336

See full text of H-phrases in section 2.2.

# 2.2. Label elements





Signal word Danger						
VHazard stat	ement(s)					
		/ burst if heated. (H229)				
	liquid and vapo					
	ious eye damag					
May cause	an allergic skin	reaction. (H317)				
May cause	drowsiness or c	dizziness. (H336)				
	General	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. (P101). Keep out ofreach ofchildren. (P102).				
Cafata	Prevention	Wear protective gloves/eye protection. (P280).				
Safety statement(s)	Response	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.				
		(P305+P351+P338).				
	Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. (P403+P235).				
	Disposal	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant. (P501).				
Videntity of t	he substances	primarily responsible for the major health hazards				

acetone propan-2-one propanone, propan-1-ol n-propanol, Poly Hexamethylene Diisocyanate 2.3. Other hazards

This product contains an organic solvent. Repeated exposure to organic solvents can result in damage to the nervous system and inner organs, such as the liver and kidneys.

# **V**Additional labelling

20 % by mass of the contents are flammable.

# **Additional warnings**

# **Voc**

VOC-MAX: 680 g/l, MAXIMUM VOC CONTENT (B/a1): 850 g/l.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# ▼3.1/3.2. Substances/Mixtures

NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	dimethyl ether CAS-no: 115-10-6 EC-no: 204-065-8 Index-no: 603-019-00-8 40-60% Comp. Gas, Flam. Gas 1 H220, H280 S
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	acetone propan-2-one propanone CAS-no: 67-64-1 EC-no: 200-662-2 REACH-no: 01-2119471330-49 Index-no: 606-001-00-8 15-25% Flam. Liq. 2, STOT SE 3, Eye Irrit. 2 H225, H319, H336, EUH066 S
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	propan-1-ol n-propanol CAS-no: 71-23-8 EC-no: 200-746-9 Index-no: 603-003-00-0 3-5% Flam. Liq. 2, STOT SE 3, Eye Dam. 1 H225, H318, H336 S
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION: NOTE:	n-butyl acetate CAS-no: 123-86-4 EC-no: 204-658-1 REACH-no: 01-2119485493-29 Index-no: 607-025-00-1 1-3% Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3 H226, H336, EUH066 S
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.: CONTENT: CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Poly Hexamethylene Diisocyanate CAS-no: 28182-81-2 EC-no: 927-271-6 REACH-no: 01-2119485796-17 1-3% Acute Tox. 4, STOT SE 3, Eye Irrit. 2, Skin Sens. 1



NOTE:	H317, H319, H332, H335 P
NAME: IDENTIFICATION NOS.:	1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether CAS-no: 107-98-2 EC-no: 203-539-1 REACH-no: 01-2119457435-35 Index-no: 603-064-00-3
CONTENT:	1-3%
CLP CLASSIFICATION:	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3 H226. H336
NOTE:	S

(\*) See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available. S = Organic solvent P = Prepolymer isocyanate

## Other informations

```
ATEmix(inhale, vapour) > 20
ATEmix(inhale, dust/mist) > 20
ATEmix(inhale, dust/mist) > 2000
ATEmix(dermal) > 2000
ATEmix(oral) > 2000
Eye Cat. 1 Sum = Sum(Ci/S(G)CLi) = > 1 - 1,3596
```

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## **General information**

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor, if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms continue. Never give an unconscious person water or similar.

## Inhalation

Get the injured person into fresh air. Make sure there is always someone with the injured person. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If the person stops breathing, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured person onto side with the top leg bent at both knee and hip. Call an ambulance.

## **Skin contact**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes at once. Skin that has come in contact with the material must be washed thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

## Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with plenty of water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Make sure you flush under the upper and lower eyelids. Contact a doctor at once.

## Ingestion

Give the person plenty to drink and stay with the person. If the person feels unwell, contact a doctor immediately and take this safety data sheet or the label from the product with you. Do not induce vomiting unless recommended by the doctor. Hold head facing down so that no vomit runs back into the mouth and throat.

# **Burns**

Rinse with water until the pain stops and continue for 30 minutes.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction on contact with skin. The allergic reaction will typically set in 12-72 hours after exposure as the substance penetrates the skin and reacts with proteins in the outer skin. The body's immune system sees the chemically changed protein as a foreign body and will try to destroy it.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# No special

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet.



## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, carbonic acid, powder, water mist. Water jets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, as in the case of fire, dangerous catabolic substances are produced. These are: Carbon oxides. Fire will result in thick black smoke. Exposure to catabolic products can damage your health. Fire fighters should use proper protection gear. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not let fire-extinguishing water run into sewers and other water courses.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid inhalation of vapours from waste material. Avoid direct contact with spilled substances. Stores that have not ignited must be cooled by water mist. Where possible, remove flammable materials. Make sure there is sufficient ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

No specific requirements.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, sawdust, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations. Cleaning should be done as far as possible using normal cleaning agents. Solvents should be avoided.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section on "Disposal considerations" with regard to the handling of waste. See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for protective measures.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

See section on 'Exposure controls/personal protection' for information on personal protection. Avoid direct contact with the product.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always store in containers of the same material as the original. Must be stored in a cool and ventilated area, away from possible sources of combustion.

## Storage temperature

No data available.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications described in Section 1.2

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## VOEL

1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 100 ppm | 375 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 150 ppm | 560 mg/m3 Comments: Sk (Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. )

n-butyl acetate (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 150 ppm | 724 mg/m3

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 130 ppm | 966 mg/m3

acetone propan-2-one propanone (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 500 ppm | 1210 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 1500 ppm | 3620 mg/m3



dimethyl ether (EH40/2005) Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period): 400 ppm | 766 mg/m3 Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period): 500 ppm | 958 mg/m3 DNEL / PNEC

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 186 mg/kg Exposure: Dermal Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 62 mg/kg Exposure: Dermal Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 2420 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 1210 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 200 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 62 mg/kg Exposure: Oral Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population DNEL ( 1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 369 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 43,9 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether): 553,5 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 50,6 mg/kg Exposure: Dermal Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL ( 1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 18,1 mg/kg Exposure: Dermal Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether): 3,3 mg/kg Exposure: Oral Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 960 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Systemic effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 480 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - Workers

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Systemic effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 102,34 mg/m3



Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Long term – Local effects - General population

DNEL (n-butyl acetate): 859,7 mg/m3 Exposure: Inhalation Duration of Exposure: Short term – Local effects - General population

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 21 mg/L Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 30,4 mg/kg Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 3,04 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 33,3 mg/kg Exposure: Soil

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 10,6 mg/kg Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC ( acetone propan-2-one propanone ): 1,06 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water

PNEC (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 100 mg/L Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 5,2 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC ( 1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 5,49 mg/kg Exposure: Soil

PNEC ( 1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 10 mg/L Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC (1-methoxy-2-propanol monopropylene glycol methyl ether ): 1 mg/L Exposure: Marine water

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 35,6 mg/L Exposure: Sewage Treatment Plant

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,18 mg/L Exposure: Freshwater

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,018 mg/L Exposure: Marine water

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,36 mg/L Exposure: Intermittent release

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,981 mg/kg Exposure: Freshwater sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,0981 mg/kg Exposure: Marine water sediment

PNEC (n-butyl acetate): 0,09903 mg/kg Exposure: Soil

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the stated exposure limits values should be checked on a regular basis. General recommendations

Observe general occupational hygiene.

#### **Exposure scenarios**

If there is an appendix to this safety data sheet, the indicated exposure scenarios must be complied. **Exposure limits** 



Trade users are covered by the rules of the working environment legislation on maximum concentrations for exposure. See work hygiene threshold values below.

# Appropriate technical measures

Airborne gas and dust concentrations must be kept as low as possible and below the current threshold values (see below). Use for example an exhaust system if the normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient. Make sure that eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked.

## **Hygiene measures**

Whenever you take a break in using this product and when you have finished using it, all exposed areas of the body must be washed. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

# Measures to avoid environmental exposure

Keep damming materials near the workplace. If possible collect spillage during work.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



## Generally

Use only CE marked protective equipment.

# **Respiratory Equipment**

Recommended: AX. Brown

# Skin protection

Special work clothing should be used. When working with this product for a long period of time, use a protective suit.

# Hand protection

Use protective gloves. The concrete work situation is not known. Contact the suppliers of the gloves for help on the glove type. Please note that elastic gloves stretch when used. The thickness of the gloves, and therefore their penetration time, will be reduced. Moreover, the temperature of the glove in use is about 35°C, while the standard test, EN 374-3, is done at 23°C. The penetration time is therefore reduced by a factor of 3.

## **Eye protection**

Use safety glasses with a side shield.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Form	Colour	Odour	pН	Viscosity	Density (g/cm3)
Liquid	Colourless	Characteristic	-	-	-
Phase changes					
Melting point	(°C)	Boiling point (°C)		Vapour pressur	e (mm Hg)
-		37			
Data on fire and	l explosion hazar	ds			
Flashpoint (°C)		Ignition (°C)		Self ignition (°C)	
39		-		78	,
Explosion limits (Vol %)		Oxidizing properties			
- '		-			
Solubility					
Solubility in water		n-octanol/water coefficient			
Soluble		-			
.2. Other informat	tion				
Solubility in fat		Additional information			
-		N/A			

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

- No data available
- 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in the section on "Handling and storage".

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** 



No special

- 10.4. Conditions to avoid
- Avoid static electricity. Do not expose to heat (e.g. sunlight), because it can lead to excess pressure. **10.5. Incompatible materials**

#### 0.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reductants agents.

# **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Substance	Species	Test	Route of exposure	Result
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Rat	LD50	Inhalation	> 7000 ppm
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Rabbit	LD50	Oral	4016 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Rabbit	LD50		1200 mg/kg
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Rat	LD50		> 2000 mg/kg
Poly Hexamethylene Diisocyanat	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	18500 mg/m3
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Oral	10768 g/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit	LD50		> 5000 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LD50	Oral	> 6400 mg/kg
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	2000 ppm
n-butyl acetate	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	21.1 mg/l/4h
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Rat	LD50	Oral	1870 mg/kg
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Rabbit	LD50		4049 g/kg
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	>9800 mg/m3
acetone propan-2-one propan	Rabbit	LD50		> 20 ml/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan	Rat	LD50		5500 mg/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan	Rat	LD50	Oral	5800 mg/kg
acetone propan-2-one propan	Rat	LC50	Inhalation	21,09 ppm/8H
dimethyl ether	Rabbit	LC50	Inhalation	308 g/m3

No data available.

## Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

## Carcinogenicity

No data available.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available.

# **V**STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

# Aspiration hazard

No data available.

# VLong term effects

Neurotoxic effect: This product contains organic solvents, which can have an effect on the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity can be: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, whistling in the ears, tingling sensations in the skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer. The skin will then be more prone to absorb dangerous substances, e.g. allergens.

Sensitivity effects: This product contains substances which can give an allergic reaction on contact with skin. The allergic reaction will typically set in 12-72 hours after exposure as the substance penetrates the skin and reacts with proteins in the outer skin. The body's immune system sees the chemically changed protein as a foreign body and will try to destroy it.

Irritation effects: This product contains substances which cause irritation to skin and eyes, or when inhaled. Contact with locally irritative substances can cause the area of contact to be more prone to absorb damaging substances such as allergens.



## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

▼12.1. Toxicity				
Substance	Species	Test	Test duration	Result 23300 mgL
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Daphnia	LC50	48 t	>4500 mg/l /
1-methoxy-2-propanol monopro	Fish	LC50	96 t	ferskvand
n-butyl acetate	Daphnia	EC50	24 H	205 mg/L
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	96 H	100 mg/L
n-butyl acetate	Crustacean	LC50	48 h	32000 ug/L
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Algae	EC50	72 t	3200000
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Algae	EC50	96 t	til5600000 ug/l
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Crustacean	LC50	48 t	4480000
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Daphnia	LC50	48 t	2500000
propan-1-ol n-propanol	Fish	LC50	96 t	2950000
acetone propan-2-one propan	Algae	EC50	120 H	3800000
acetone propan-2-one propan	Crustacean	LC50	48 H	14444 mg/L
acetone propan-2-one propan	Daphnia	EC50	48 H	7550 mg/L 13500 mg/L
▼ 12.2. Persistence and degradabi	lity			
Substance			Test	Result
n-butyl acetate	Yes	.,	No data available	No data available
acetone propan-2-one propan	Yes		No data available	No data available
▼ 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential				
Substance	Potential bioa	coumulation	LogPow	BFC
n-butyl acetate			1,78	No data available
acetone propan-2-one propan	No		-0,24	No data available
dimethyl ether	No		0,1	No data available
			-, -	

## **V** 12.4. Mobility in soil

n-butyl acetate: Log Koc= 1,487982, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.). propan-1-ol n-propanol : Log Koc= 0,276375, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.). acetone propan-2-one propan...: Log Koc= -0,111656, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.). dimethyl ether : Log Koc= 0,15759, Calculated from LogPow (High mobility potential.).

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

No special

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product is covered by the regulations on dangerous waste.

# Waste

EWC code

# Specific labelling

## **Contaminated packing**

Packaging which contains leftovers from the product must be disposed of in the same way as the product.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

This product is covered by the conventions on dangerous goods.

#### 14.1 – 14.4 ADR/RID

DR/RID	
14.1. UN number	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	2,1
14.4. Packing group	II
Notes	-
Tunnel restriction code	D



IMDG	
UN-no.	1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Class	2,1
PG*	П
EmS	F-D, S-U
MP**	No
Hazardous constituent	-
UN-no.	1950
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS, flammable
Class	2,1
PG*	П

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

- No data available
- (\*) Packing group

(\*\*) Marine pollutant

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **Restrictions for application**

People under the age of 18 must not be exposed to this product cf. Council Directive 94/33/EC. **Demands for specific education** 

The user of this product must have taken special training in working with polyurethane and epoxy products. Additional information

## **Sources**

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 92/85/EEC on the introduction of measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

Council Directive 94/33/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of young people at work.

Council Directive 75/324/EEC of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.

IDirective 2004/42/CE of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products and amending Directive 1999/13/EC.

EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

EC regulation 1907/2006 (REACH).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

**V**Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3



H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

## Other symbols mentioned in section 2



Other

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The safety data sheet is validated by kbb

Date of last essential change (First cipher in SDS version) 2016-03-16 Date of last minor change (Last cipher in SDS version) 2016-04-25

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